## How to add a conditional column from another table.

The hours table below shows hours booked by date. There is also a period column here, but this is based on calendar month and we do not use this, actually we have a custom period definition called PMR Period Name. See picture at bottom


This is a separate table that shows the custom period definition. So any hour transaction falling between $29^{\text {th }}$ Jan 2018 and $25^{\text {th }}$ Feb 2018 belongs to PMR Period Name 201802 for example.

I want to be able to return a table with my hours grouped by PMR period Name, so am assuming the best way would be to add a conditional column in the hours table which checks if Date is >= and <= the Start and Stop date in the Period definition table, but am not sure how to go about this, advice would be appreciated.

| $1^{2}{ }_{3} \mathrm{BgNo}$ | $\checkmark$ | 畿 StopDate | 123 PMR Period Days | $1^{2} 3_{3} \mathrm{Yr}$ | 123 PMR Period Name | $\checkmark$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1/29/2018 | 2/25/2018 | 27 | 2018 | 201802 |  |
| DE | 2/26/2018 | 4/1/2018 | 34 | 2018 | 201803 |  |
|  | 4/2/2018 | 4/29/2018 | 27 |  | 201804 |  |
|  | 4/30/2018 | 5/27/2018 | 27 |  | 201805 |  |
| 98 | 5/28/2018 | 7/1/2018 | 34 | We do use | 201806 |  |
| 98 | 7/2/2018 | 7/29/2018 |  | We do use | 201807 |  |
| 98 | 7/30/2018 | 9/2/2018 |  | PMR | 201808 |  |
| 98 | 9/3/2018 | 9/30/2018 |  | Period | 201809 |  |
| 98 | 10/1/2018 | 11/4/2018 | 3. |  | 201810 |  |
| 98 | 11/5/2018 | 12/2/2018 | 27 |  | 201811 |  |
| 98 | 12/3/2018 | 12/30/2018 | 27 | - 1 | - | 201812 |
| 98 | 12/31/2018 | 2/3/2019 | 34 | 2019 |  | 201901 |
| 98 | 2/4/2019 | 3/3/2019 | 27 | 2019 |  | 201902 |
| 98 | 3/4/2019 | 3/31/2019 | 27 | 2019 |  | 201903 |

